

(1)

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & x + 3y \\ & x + y \geq 2 \\ & x, y \geq 0. \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 2y \geq 0. \\ \Rightarrow x + 3y \geq 2. \end{array}$$

lower bound $B=2$

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & px + qy \quad \text{fix } a, b, c \geq 0. \\ & x + y \geq 2 \\ & x, y \geq 0. \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} ax + ay \geq 2a \\ bx \geq 0. \\ cy \geq 0. \end{array}$$

$$(a+b)x + (a+c)y \geq 2a.$$

if I could find $a, b, c \geq 0$ st $a+b=p$, $a+c=q$,
then lower bound $B=2a$.

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & px + qy \quad a, b \geq 0. \quad c \\ & x \geq 0. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} ax \geq 0. \\ & y \leq 1 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} -by \geq -b. \\ & 3x + y = 2 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} 3cx + cy = 2c \end{aligned}$$

$$(a+3c)x + (c-b)y \geq 2c - b.$$

$\begin{matrix} u \\ p \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} u \\ q \end{matrix}$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_i^T x = b_i \\ g_i^T x \leq h_i \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{array}{l} u_i: a_i^T x = b_i; u_i \\ -v_i: g_i^T x \geq -v_i h_i \end{array}$$

 ~~$u_i, v_i \geq 0$~~

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Ax = b \\ Gx \leq h \end{array} \right\} \quad \begin{array}{l} u^T A x = u^T b \\ -v^T G x \geq -v^T h \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} u^T (Gx - h) \\ + u^T (Ax - b) \leq 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

(2)

$$\max \{ c^T y, \text{ s.t. } y \geq 0, 1^T y = 1 \} = \max_i c_i$$

$$c = P^T x.$$

$$\max_i (P^T x)_i$$

$$\min_x \max_i (P^T x)_i$$

$$\text{s.t. } x \geq 0 \\ 1^T x = 1.$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \min_{x,t} t \quad \text{LP.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x \geq 0 \\ & 1^T x = 1 \\ & \max_i (P^T x)_i \leq t \} \quad P^T x \leq t. \end{aligned}$$

$$L(x, t, u, v, y) = t - u^T x + v(1 - 1^T x) \\ + y^T (P^T x - tI)$$

$$u \geq 0, y \geq 0.$$

$$g(u, v, y) = \min_{x,t} L(x, t, u, v, y)$$

$$= \min_{x,t} (Py - u - v1)^T x + (1 - y^T 1)t + v$$

$$= \begin{cases} v & Py - u - v1 = 0 \text{ and } 1 - y^T 1 = 0. \\ -\infty & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

(3)

Dual of LP:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \max & v \\ u, v, y \\ \text{s.t.} & Py - u - vI = 0 \\ & I - y^T I = 0 \\ & u \geq 0, y \geq 0. \end{array}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{ll} \max & v \\ v, y \\ \text{s.t.} & Py \geq vI \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \min_i (Py)_i \geq v. \\ I - y^T I = 0. \\ y \geq 0. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{ll} \max & \min_y (Py) \\ \text{s.t.} & y \geq 0, I^T y = 1. \end{array}$$

Strong duality holds.

$$\text{so. } f_1^* = f_2^*.$$