36-303: Sampling, Surveys and Society

Components of a Survey Brian Junker 132E Baker Hall brian@stat.cmu.edu

18 January 2011

Outline

- Quiz Results
- Wrap up previous lecture
- Process of Conducting a Survey
 - Defining Research Objectives
 - Mode of Data Collection; Target Population; Frame
 - Measurement; Errors of Observation
 - Sample; Errors of Non-Observation
 - Coding, Editing and Post-Survey Processing
 - Analyzing the Data, Writing the Report

Handouts

- Graded Quizzes (Your Score is on p. 2)
- Today's Lecture Notes
- HW01

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Quiz Results

Scores:

6|5

7 | 04

7 | 5

8|02344444

8|6677799

9|000000000333333444

9|777

10|00

median

- It was an easy quiz
 - 80 or above
 - Generally feel pretty good
 - Errors were sloppy or minor
 - Below 80 a significant chunk is missing
 - Median/Outliers
 - Histogram/Boxplot
 - Confidence Interval
 - Scatterplot
 - Summation Notation
 - Expected Value
 - Binomial Distribution

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Quiz Results (Cont'd)

- Most answers pretty obvious ask your friends or check with us
- CI for Mean Test Performance...

```
N Mean SE Mean StDev Minimum Q1 Median Q3 Maximum 93 82.61 1.06 10.21 58.00 77.00 84.00 91.00 99.00  \text{StDev} \ = \ \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2} \ = \ 10.21  SE Mean = \ \text{StDev}/\sqrt{n} = 1.06 95% CI = \ \text{Mean} \pm 1.96 \times (\text{SE Mean}) \approx \ (82.61 - 2 \times 1.06, 82.61 + 2 \times 1.06)
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Quiz Results (Cont'd)

$$\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2$$

- What is role of i?
- What is role of x_i?
- How do we calculate it?
- What is it?

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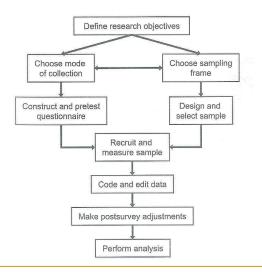
Wrapping up Previous Lecture

- Elements of a Sample
- Does Sample Represent Population?
- Non-sampling errors and Sampling Errors
- What can we say about
 - Population of Interest
 - frame/list
 - sampling technique
 - sample size
 - response rate
 - mode of interview
 - possible sources of selection bias and inaccuracy
 - other details of methodology relevant to our inferences

Team Assignments; Project Outline

- Team assignments were emailed out Monday afternoon
 - As the projects get underway there may be some small adjustments in some teams
- Next deadline: Tue Jan 25: <u>Propose two topics!</u>
 - (Indicate interest/non-interest in Jewish Chronicle project as well)
- (HW01 is also due Tues Jan 25).

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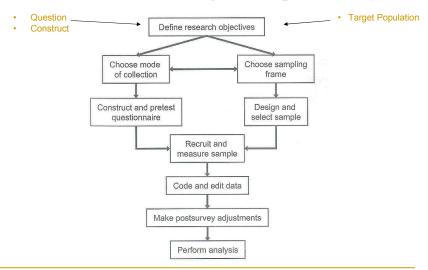
Defining Research Objectives

Research Question(s)

- □ Is it of interest? (Who Cares??)
- Can it be answered with available methods?
- Can a survey on it be conducted and analyzed within budget (\$\$, time, effort, irritation, ...)?
- Surveys are not well-suited to cause-effect questions (Why not? Think about 36-309...)
- Target Population (This is harder than it sounds!)
 - What population is relevant to the question?
 - What population can you construct a good sampling frame for?
- Construct (What information do you seek?)
 - "Number of jobs created in last month"
 - "Consumption of beer in the last month"
 - "Knowledge in mathematics of eighth grade school children"
 - "Optimism about one's financial status"

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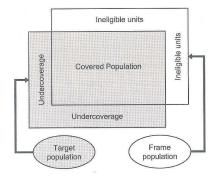
Process of Conducting a Sample Survey



Mode of Data Collection and Sampling

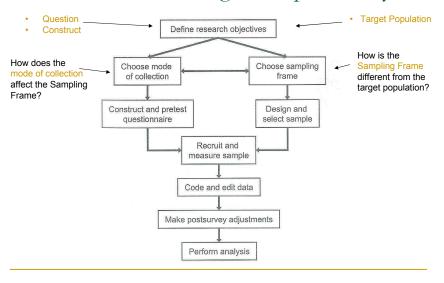
Frame

- Why Sampling Frame ≠ Target Population?
 - Population may not have a natural frame
 - Mode of data collection may restrict frame
- Mode of Data Collection
 - Interview
 - Face to face?
 - Telephone?
 - Self-report
 - Face to face?
 - Internet?
 - Direct
 - Administrative records?
 - Observe prices, soil samples, type of nbhd, etc.



Coverage Error – the extent to which the Sampling Frame does not cover the Target Population

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Measurement; Response; Errors of Observation

- Measurement: How we gather information for constructs
 - Chemical analyses of soil samples
 - Electronic measures of traffic flow
 - Observations of classroom teaching
- Questions posed to respondent are common
 - □ Oral (face-to-face interview)
 - □ Visual (self-report or computer-assisted interview)
 - Based on some stimulus (reaction to watching a video, listening to music, reading a story)

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Measurement; Response; Errors of Observation

- Responses depend on the form of the question
 - Multiple choice
 - □ Fill in the blank
 - Longer user-generated response
- Nonresponse
 - Didn't understand, didn't see, or refused question (item nonresponse)
 - Not home, not approached by interviewer, refused phone call, etc. (unit nonresponse)

Measurement; Response; Errors of Observation

- Errors of Observation (Measurement Error)
 - Deviations of measurement from underlying construct
 - Inaccurate measurements
 - Inaccurate administrative records
 - Poor chemical analysis of soil
 - Untrained interviewers/observers
 - Memory/attention/understanding/truthfulness of respondents
 - Item Nonresponse

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Designing a Sample; Errors of Non-Observation

- We want to design a sample that is
 - Affordable (time, money, effort, accessibility...)
 - Representative (of the frame? Of the target population?)
- Simple populations with good frames
 - Simple sample designs and analyses suffice
- Complex populations or poor frames
 - Stratified sampling and Clustered sampling common
 - More complex designs require more complex analyses
- Followup for Unit Nonresponse?

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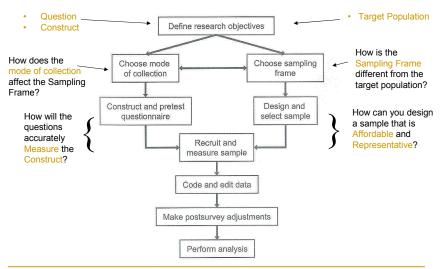
Designing a Sample; Errors of Non-Observation

Errors of Non-Observation

- Deviations between the sample and the target population.
- How representative of the Sampling Frame is the Sample?
- How representative of the Target Population is the Sampling Frame (Coverage Error...)
- How do we followup unit nonresponders?
 - Sample more units to replace them?
 - Keep after them until they respond?

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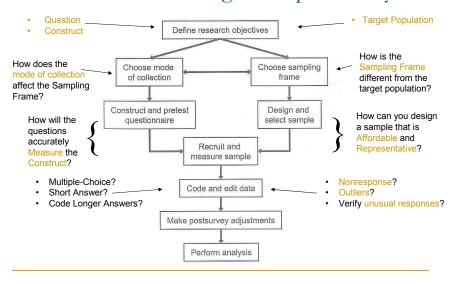
Process of Conducting a Sample Survey



Coding and Editing Data

- Coding depends on measurements
 - Multiple choice?
 - □ Fill in the blank, long-answer, taped conversation?
 - Accuracy of chemical analysis?
- Nonresponse
 - Unit nonresponse? Successful Followups?
 - Item nonresponse? Refused? Not asked? Not reached? Not understood?
- Outliers
 - What is an outlier?
 - Include anyway? Drop?
 - Followup to verify value?
- Inaccurate Data
 - Detection? Followup? Correct value? Drop case?

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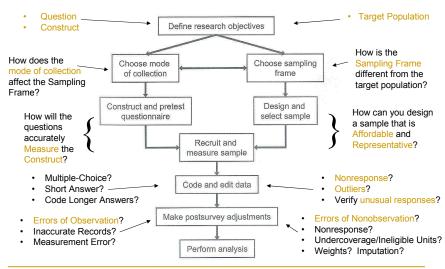
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Post-Survey Adjustments

- Adjustments for
 - Patterns of unit nonresponse (did women respond less than men?)
 - Under- or over-coverage of the sampling frame (no phone numbers for homeless men?)
 - Inaccurate or outlying data, ...
- Weights (only 20% of sample was women but 50% of population are women, so "weight up" women by 5/2)
- Impute missing values (unit nonresponse and item nonresponse)

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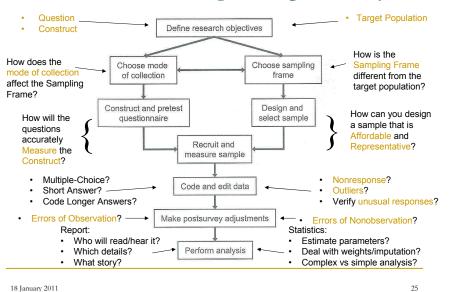
Process of Conducting a Sample Survey



Performing the Analysis

- Statistical analysis
 - What quantities should be estimated? How?
 - Do we have to deal with weights? Imputation?
 - Simple designs can use simple statistics; complex designs require complex statistics
 - Statistics cannot fix (or even quantify!) all errors
- Report writing
 - □ Who will read the report? *How* will they read it?
 - How much detail is needed? Where should it go?
 - What is the interesting story you are trying to tell?
 - Research objectives: Who Cares???

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Review

- Quiz Results
- Team Assignments
- Process of Conducting a Survey
 - What are the various components of a survey?

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